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DESIGNOFFOOTOVERBRIDGE WITHTHEVARIATIONOFSTIFFNESS TO WEIGHT RATIO WITH THE HELP OF TOPOLOGYOPTIMIZATION K. HEMALATHA¹, K. SAITEJA², MD.MAHBOOBURRAHMAN ³, S.VIJAYKUMAR⁴, T.ANKITHSINGH⁵

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ABSTRACT

Footbridges are needed where there is a separate pathway must be supplied for human beings tomove sitevisitorsflows orsomephysical impediment, alongwith ariver. The masses theyconveyare, with regards to toll road or railway bridges, pretty modest, and inmost circumstances a reasonably often light structure is needed. They are but, required to give aprotracted clearspan, and stiffness then becomes an crucial consideration. The bridges are frequently required very virtually on view to the general public and consequently the adventdeserves careful attention. Steel offers financial and appealing kinds of creation which suit all oftherequirements demanded of a footbridge.

INTRODUCTION

Afootbridge(alsoapedestrianbridge,pedestrianoverpass,orpedestrianovercrossing)isa bridge designed solely for pedestrians.^[1]While the primary meaning for a bridge is a structurewhich links "two points at a height above the ground", a footbridge can also be a lower structure, such as a boardwalk, that enables pedestrians to cross wet, fragile, or marshy land.^[2] Bridgesrangefromsteppingstones– possiblytheearliestman-madestructureto"bridge"water–toelaborate steel structures. Another early bridge would have been simply a fallen tree. In somecasesafootbridgecan bebothfunctionaland artistic.

TYPESOFFOOTOVERBRIDGES

Typesoffootbridgesincludebutare notlimitedto:

- BeamBridge
- Boardwalk
- Clapperbridge
- Plankroad
- Corduroyroad
- Moonbridge
- Simplesuspensionbridge
- Livingbridge
- Simpletruss

PROJECTDESIGN

CATIA(ComputerAidedThree-dimensionalInteractiveApplication)isamulti-platformCAD/CAM/CAE commercial software suite developed by the French company Assault Systems.Written in the C++ programming language, CATIA is the cornerstone of the Assault Systemsproductlifecyclemanagement softwaresuite.

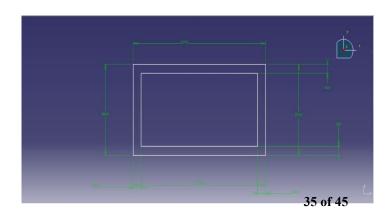
CATIAcompetesintheCAD/CAM/CAEmarketwithSiemensNX,Pro/E,AutodeskInventor,andSolidEdgea s well asmany others.

Developer(s)	DassaultSystems			
Stablerelease	V6R2011x/November23, 2010			
Operatingsystem	Unix/Windows			
Туре	CADsoftware			
License	Proprietary			
Website	WWW.3ds.com			

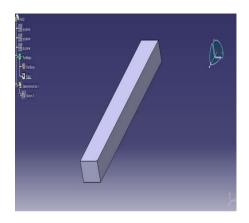
MEASUREMENTS:

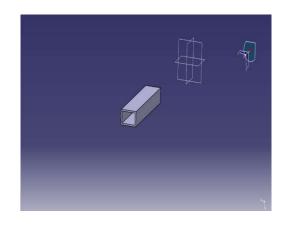
MEASUREMENTS	VALUES	
Length	30m	
Width	5m	
Height	3m	
Thickness	0.3m	
Force	41678N	

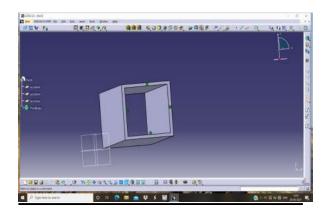
DESIGN:



Pad(extrude):Pocket(hole):

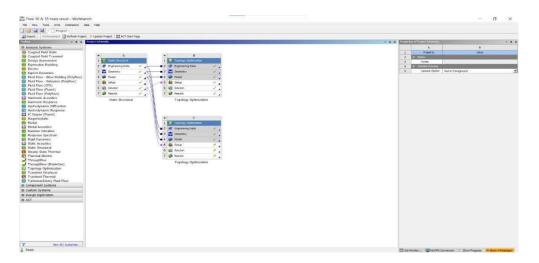




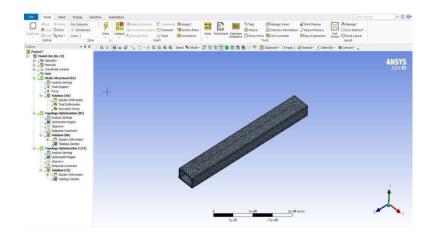


PROJECTIMPLEMENTATION

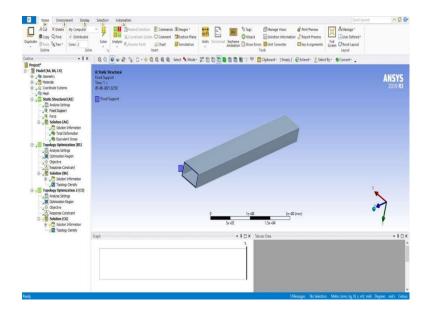
ANALYSINGEXPERIMENTALDATA:



MESH:



FIXEDSUPPORT:



LOADACTING:

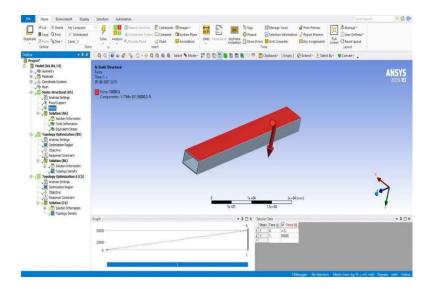
Average weightxNo.of peoplexGravitational force=

Force(Load)85kgs x 50 x 9.81 = 41678N

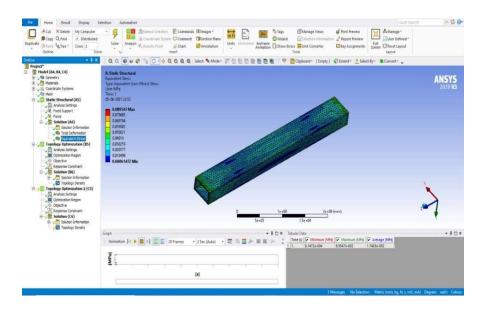
Force(Load)=Deformation41678

N =0.0085297ra

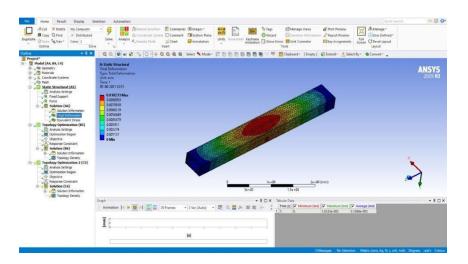
FORCE:



EQUIVALENTSTRESS:



TOTALDEFORMATION:



DEFORMATIONSAMPLES:

LOAD	DEFORMATION
40000N	0.0081863
42000N	0.0085956
44000N	0.0090049
46000N	0.0094143

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48000N	0.0098236
50000N	0.010233

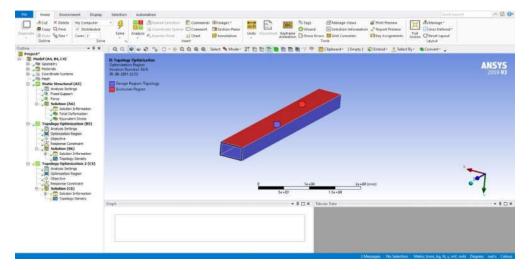
TOPOLOGYOPTIMIZATION:

The study of topology optimization is making difference in weight (mass) without any change indimensions.

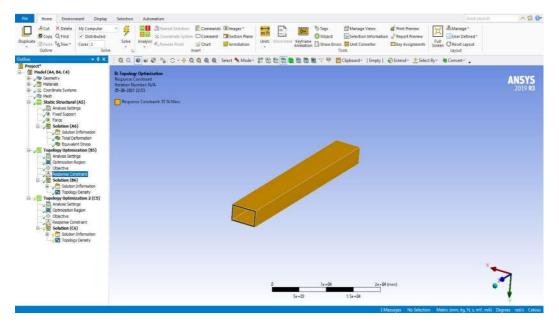
Removal of excess material where there is no stress acts on it,i also called topology

optimization. It is also used to reduce the weight (mass) in case of getting good performance.

OPTIMIZATIONREGION:

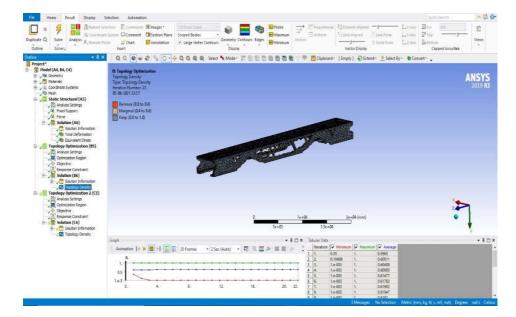


RESPONSECONSTRAINT:



TOPOLOGYOPTIMIZATIONRESULT:

S.NO	MATERIAL	DENSITY	RESPONSEC	ORIGINAL	MASS	PERCENTAGE
			ONSTRAINT	MASS	AFTER TOPOLOGYOPTI MIZATION	OF MASS REDUCED
1.	Structural steel	8654.9kg	30%	1537.15kg	868.88kg	43.408%
2.	Structural steel	8654.9kg	35%	1537.15kg	919.06kg	40.208%



ANALYSINGEXPERIMENTALRESULT(FINALRESULT):

CONCLUSION

In thisproject wediddesign of a footover bridgeby using CATIA-V5-R2011. After the completion of design, wedid analysis by using ANSYSW orkbench with help of Topology optimization. We got a good performance of the foot over bridge by giving the measurements which we used in this Project and we also done the variation of Stiffness to Weight (mass) ratio. As a future scope of study, manufacturing techniques for Foot over Bridge could be used in all the heavy traffic routes, and also be able to construct strong enough to with-stand.

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